

定積分解答

P175

1	$= \left[\frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{4}$	4	$= [\log x]_{-2}^{-1} = \log 1 - \log 2 = -\log 2$
2	$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2}(\cos 2x + 1)dx = \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + x \right) \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{1}{4}(\sin \pi - \sin 0) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$		
3	$= \int_0^4 \frac{1}{(x-2)^2 + 2^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\tan^{-1} \frac{x-2}{2} \right]_0^4 = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right\} = \frac{\pi}{4}$		

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1	$= [\log x]_1^e = \log e - \log 1 = 1 - 0 = 1$		
2	$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 - 2x + 2)' dx = \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} (x^2 - 2x + 2)^2 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{4}(1 - 4) = -\frac{3}{4}$		
3	$= \frac{1}{a} \left[\tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right]_0^a = \frac{1}{a} (\tan^{-1} 1 - \tan^{-1} 0) = \frac{1}{a} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - 0 \right) = \frac{\pi}{4a}$		
4	$= \int_0^2 \left(x^2 - x + 1 - \frac{1}{x+1} \right) dx = \left[\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + x - \log x+1 \right]_0^2 = \frac{8}{3} - \frac{4}{2} + 2 - (\log 3 - \log 1) = \frac{8}{3} - \log 3$		
5	$= \frac{1}{2} \int_2^3 \frac{(1+x^2)'}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [\log(1+x^2)]_2^3 = \frac{1}{2} (\log 10 - \log 5) = \frac{1}{2} \log 2$		
6	$\sin x = t$ とおくと $dx = \frac{dx}{\cos x}$	$= \int_0^1 \frac{\cos x}{1+t^2} \frac{dt}{\cos x} = [\tan^{-1} t]_0^1 = \frac{\pi}{4} - 0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$	
7			
8	$\tan \frac{x}{2} = t$ とおくと $x = 2 \tan^{-1} t$	$dx = \frac{2}{1+t^2}$	
	$= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\frac{2t}{1+t^2}} \cdot \frac{2dt}{1+t^2} = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{t} dt = [\log t]_0^1 = 0$		
9	$= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2} dx = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \left[\tan^{-1} \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right]_0^1 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \left(\tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \tan^{-1} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{\pi}{6} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right) = \frac{2\pi}{3\sqrt{3}}$		
10	$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{2x+1+3}{x^2+x+1} dx = \frac{1}{2} [\log x^2+x+1]_0^1 + \frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2} dx$ $= \frac{1}{2} (\log 3 - \log 1) + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3}} \left[\tan^{-1} \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \log 3 + \sqrt{3} \left(\tan^{-1} \sqrt{3} - \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$ $= \frac{1}{2} \log 3 + \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \log 3 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \pi$		

11	$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[2\sqrt{1+x^2} \right]_0^1 = \sqrt{2} - 1$
12	$= -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{-2}{\sqrt{3-2x}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \left[2\sqrt{3-2x} \right]_0^1 = -1 + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} - 1$

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5	$= \left[\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right]_0^a = \frac{a}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \right) = \frac{\pi a^2}{4}$ (P138-11参照)
6	$\sqrt{1-x} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = 1 - t^2 \quad dx = -2t dt$ $= \int_1^0 (1 - 2t^2 + t^4)t \cdot (-2t) dt = -2 \int_1^0 (t^2 - 2t^4 + t^6) dt$ $= -2 \left[\frac{t^3}{3} - \frac{2}{5} t^5 + \frac{1}{7} t^7 \right]_1^0 = -2(-1) \left(\frac{35 - 42 + 15}{105} \right) \frac{16}{105}$
9	$= - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 - \cos^2 x)^2 \cos^4 x (\cos x)' dx = - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\cos^4 x - 2\cos^6 x + \cos^8 x) (\cos x)' dx$ $= \left[\frac{\cos^5 x}{5} - \frac{2\cos^7 x}{7} + \frac{\cos^9 x}{9} \right]_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{2}{7} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{8}{315}$
10	$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^4 x (1 - \sin^2 x) \cos x dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin^4 x - \sin^6 x) (\sin x)' dx = \left[\frac{\sin^5 x}{5} - \frac{\sin^7 x}{7} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2}{35}$

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1	$\sqrt{x} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = t^2 \quad dx = 2t dt$ $= \int_0^2 \frac{2t}{1+t} dt = 2 \int_0^2 \frac{1+t-1}{1+t} dt = 2 \int_0^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{1+t} \right) dt = 2[t - \log(1+t)]_0^2 = 4 - 2 \log 3$
2	$\sqrt{2+4x} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = \frac{1}{4}(t^2 - 2) \quad dx = \frac{1}{2} t dt$ $= \frac{1}{4} \int_{\sqrt{2}}^{3\sqrt{2}} \frac{t^2 - 2}{t} \cdot \frac{1}{2} t dt = \frac{1}{8} \int_{\sqrt{2}}^{3\sqrt{2}} (t^2 - 2) dt = \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{t^3}{3} - 2t \right]_{\sqrt{2}}^{3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{8} \left(18\sqrt{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} - 6\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} \right) = \frac{5}{3}\sqrt{2}$
3	$1 + 2x = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = \frac{t}{2} \quad dx = \frac{dt}{2}$ $= \int_1^3 \frac{t-1}{2t^3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} dt = \frac{1}{4} \int_1^3 \frac{t-1}{t^3} dt = \frac{1}{4} \int_1^3 \left(\frac{1}{t^2} - \frac{1}{t^3} \right) dt = \frac{1}{4} \left[-\frac{1}{t} + \frac{1}{2t^2} \right]_1^3 = \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{1-2t}{t^2} \right]_1^3 = \frac{1}{18}$
4	$x^{\frac{1}{4}} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = t^4 \quad dx = 4t^3 dt$ $= \int_0^2 \frac{t}{1+t^2} \cdot 4t^3 dt = 4 \int_0^2 \left(t^2 - 1 + \frac{1}{1+t^2} \right) dt = 4 \left[\frac{t^3}{3} - t + \tan^{-1} t \right]_0^2 = \frac{8}{3} + 4 \tan^{-1} 2$
5	

6	$\sqrt{x+3} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = t^2 - 3 \quad dx = 2t dt$ $= \int_2^3 \frac{t^2 - 3}{t} \cdot 2t dt = 2 \int_2^3 (t^2 - 3) dt = \left[\frac{2}{3} t^3 - 6t \right]_2^3 = 18 - 18 - \frac{16}{3} + 12 = \frac{30}{3}$
7	$\tan \frac{x}{2} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = 2 \tan^{-1} t \quad dx = \frac{2}{1+t^2}$ $= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2t}{1+t^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt = \int_0^1 \frac{2}{(t+1)^2} dt = \left[-\frac{2}{t+1} \right]_0^1 = \left[\frac{2}{t+1} \right]_1^0 = 2 - 1 = 1$
8	$\tan \frac{x}{2} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad x = 2 \tan^{-1} t \quad dx = \frac{2}{1+t^2}$ $= \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}} \cdot \frac{2}{1+t^2} dt = \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{t^2} dt = \left[-\frac{1}{t} \right]_1^\infty = -0 + 1 = 1$
9	$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} \quad \text{とおくと} \quad f(x)' = x$ $g(x) = \log x \quad \text{とおくと} \quad g(x)' = \frac{1}{x}$ $= \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \log x \right]_0^1 - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 x dx = 0 - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_0^1 = 0 - \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{4}$
10	$f(x) = \tan^{-1} x \quad \text{とおくと} \quad f(x)' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ $g(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} \quad \text{とおくと} \quad g(x)' = x^2$ $= \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \tan^{-1} x \right]_0^1 - \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 \left(x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right) dx$ $= \frac{\pi}{12} - \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log 1+x^2 \right]_0^1 = \frac{\pi}{12} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} \log 2$