

# 不定積分問題解答

P129

1	$= \frac{1}{2}x^4 + \frac{1}{x} - 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4x$	2	$= \int \frac{\cos 2ax + 1}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2a} \sin 2ax + x \right)$
3	$= \int \frac{1}{\cos ax \cos ax} dx = -\frac{1}{a} \int \frac{(\cos ax)'}{\cos^2 ax} dx = \frac{1}{a \cos ax} = \frac{\sec ax}{a}$		
4	$= \frac{1}{3} \int \left( \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt{3}^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$		
5	$= \int (a^6 x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3a^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^2 x^{\frac{9}{2}} - x^{\frac{13}{2}}) dx = \frac{2}{3} a^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{6}{7} a^4 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{6}{11} a^2 x^{\frac{11}{2}} - \frac{2}{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}}$		
6	$= \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 + 2^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \frac{x+1}{2}$		
7	$= \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{4} - (x^2 - ax + \frac{a^2}{4})}} = \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(\frac{a}{2})^2 - (x - \frac{a}{2})^2}} = \sin^{-1} \frac{x - \frac{a}{2}}{\frac{a}{2}} = \sin^{-1} \frac{2x - a}{a}$		
8	$f(x) = x$ とおくと $f'(x) = 1$ $g(x) = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$ とおくと $g'(x) = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$ $= x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - \int \frac{a^2 - x^2 + a^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx + \int \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$ したがって $\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a^2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right)$		
9	$= \log f(x) $		
10	$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(3x^2 - 2x + 1)'}{3x^2 - 2x + 1} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log 3x^2 - 2x + 1 $		
11	$= - \int \frac{(\cos x)'}{\cos x} dx = - \log \cos x $		
12	$= \int \frac{1}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}} dx = \int \frac{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}}{2 \tan \frac{x}{2}} dx$ $\tan \frac{x}{2} = t$ とおくと $x = 2 \tan^{-1} t$ $dx = \frac{2}{1+t^2} dt$ となるから $= \int \frac{1+t^2}{2t} * \frac{2}{1+t^2} dt = \int \frac{1}{t} dt = \log t  = \log \left  \tan \frac{x}{2} \right $		

<p>1 <math>= \frac{1}{5}x^{10} - \frac{3}{7}x^7 + 3x^4 - 3x</math></p>	<p>2 <math>= -\frac{1}{2}e^{-2x} - \frac{1}{4}\cos 4x</math></p>																																
<p>3 <math>= \int \left(1 - \frac{6}{x} + \frac{9}{x^2}\right) dx = x - 6 \log x  - \frac{9}{x}</math></p>																																	
<p>4 <math>\sqrt{x} + 1 = t</math> とおくと <math>\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx = dt</math> となるから <math>dx = 2\sqrt{x} dt</math>  <math>= \int \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{x}} 2\sqrt{x} dt = 2 \int t^3 dt = \frac{1}{2}t^4 = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{x} + 1)^4</math></p>																																	
<p>5 <math>= \frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{1}{x-2} - \frac{1}{x+1}\right) dx = \frac{1}{3} \log \left  \frac{x-2}{x+1} \right </math></p>																																	
<p>6 <math>= \int \left(2 \cos^2 x - \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}\right) dx = \int \left(\cos 2x + 1 - \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}\right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + x - \tan x</math></p>																																	
<p>7 <math>= \int \left(x^2 + ax + a^2 + \frac{a^3}{x-a}\right) dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{ax^2}{2} + a^2x + a^3 \log x-a </math></p>	<table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>x^2 + ax + a^2</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>x-a</math></td> <td><math>x^3</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>x^3 - ax^2</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>ax^2</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>ax^2 - a^2x</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>a^2x</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><math>a^2x - a^3</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P134 - 7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><math>a^3</math></td> </tr> </table>		$x^2 + ax + a^2$			$x-a$	$x^3$				$x^3 - ax^2$				$ax^2$				$ax^2 - a^2x$				$a^2x$				$a^2x - a^3$			P134 - 7			$a^3$
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<p>8 <math>= \int \log x (\log x)' dx = \frac{1}{2} (\log x)^2</math></p>																																	
<p>9 <math>= \int \cos^6 x (-\cos x)' dx = \frac{1}{7} \cos^7 x</math></p>																																	
<p>10 <math>= \int \sin^3 ax \left(\frac{1}{a} \sin ax\right)' dx = \frac{1}{4a} \sin^4 ax</math></p>																																	
<p>11 <math>\sqrt[3]{1+x^2} = t</math> とおくと <math>2x dx = 3t^2 dt</math> となるから <math>dx = \frac{3t^2}{2x} dt</math>  <math>= \int xt \frac{3t^2}{2x} dt = \frac{3}{2} \int t^3 dt = \frac{3}{8} t^4 = \frac{3}{8} (1+x^2)^{\frac{4}{3}}</math></p>																																	
<p>12 <math>\sqrt[3]{4x+1} = t</math> とおくと <math>4 dx = 3t^2 dt</math> となるから <math>dx = \frac{3t^2}{4} dt</math>  <math>= \int t \frac{3}{4} t^2 dt = \frac{3}{4} \int t^3 dt = \frac{3}{16} t^4 = \frac{3}{16} (4x+1)^{\frac{4}{3}}</math></p>																																	
<p>13 <math>= \int \frac{(a + b \cos x)'}{a + b \cos x} \left(-\frac{1}{b}\right) dx = -\frac{1}{b} \log a + b \cos x </math></p>																																	
<p>14 <math>= \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(1 + 3 \tan x)'}{1 + 3 \tan x} dx = \frac{1}{3} \log 1 + 3 \tan x </math></p>																																	
<p>15 <math>= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(x^2 + 6x + 5)'}{x^2 + 6x + 5} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log x^2 + 6x + 5 </math></p>																																	
<p>16 <math>= \int \frac{1}{(3x)^2 - 2^2} dx = \frac{1}{12} \int \left(\frac{3}{3x-2} - \frac{3}{3x+2}\right) = \frac{1}{12} \log \left  \frac{3x-2}{3x+2} \right </math></p>																																	

17	$= \int \frac{1}{(x+2)^2 + 1^2} dx = \frac{1}{1} \tan^{-1} \frac{x+2}{1} = \tan^{-1}(x+2)$
18	$= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \frac{1}{4} - (x-1)^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2}} dx = \sin^{-1} \frac{x - \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{3}{2}} = \sin^{-1} \frac{2x - 1}{3}$
19	$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^2 + 4} + 3 \log  x + \sqrt{x^2 + 4} $ $= \sqrt{x^2 + 4} + 3 \log  x + \sqrt{x^2 + 4} $
20	$\sqrt{x^2 + 1} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad 2x dx = 2t dt \quad \text{となるから} \quad dx = \frac{t}{x} dt$ $= \int \frac{1}{x} \frac{t}{t} dt = \int \frac{1}{t^2 - 1} dt = \frac{1}{2} \log \left  \frac{t-1}{t+1} \right  = \frac{1}{2} \log \left  \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - 1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} \right  = \frac{1}{2} \log \left  \frac{(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - 1)^2}{x^2 + 1 - 1} \right $ $= \log \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}$

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13	$f(x) = x$ とおくと $f(x)' = 1$ $g(x) = \sin x$ とおくと $g(x)' = \cos x$	$= x \sin x - \int \sin x dx = x \sin x + \cos x$
14	$f(x) = x$ とおくと $f(x)' = 1$ $g(x) = \log x$ とおくと $g(x)' = \frac{1}{x}$	$= x \log x - \int \frac{x}{x} dx = x \log x - x$
15	$f(x) = x^2$ とおくと $f(x)' = 2x$ $g(x) = \frac{1}{a} e^{ax}$ とおくと $g(x)' = e^{ax}$	$f(x) = x$ とおくと $f(x)' = 1$ $g(x) = \frac{1}{a} e^{ax}$ とおくと $g(x)' = e^{ax}$ $= \frac{1}{a} x^2 e^{ax} - \frac{2}{a} \int x e^{ax} dx = \frac{1}{a} x^2 e^{ax} - \frac{2}{a} \left( \frac{1}{a} x e^{ax} - \frac{1}{a} \int e^{ax} dx \right) = \frac{1}{a} e^{ax} \left( x^2 - \frac{2}{a} x + \frac{2}{a^2} \right)$
16	$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$ とおくと $f(x)' = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$ $g(x) = x$ とおくと $g(x)' = 1$	$= x \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} - \int \frac{x^2 + a^2 - a^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} dx = x \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} - \int \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} dx + \int \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$ したがって $2 \int \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} dx = x \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + a^2 \log (x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2})$ $\int \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \log (x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2})$